Divide and Conquer with Micro-frontends

- Vishal Sharma



Who am I?

Vishal Sharma

Lead Consultant, Thoughtworks



https://www.linkedin.com/in/vishal-sharma-29749bb6/

https://medium.com/@sharvishi9118

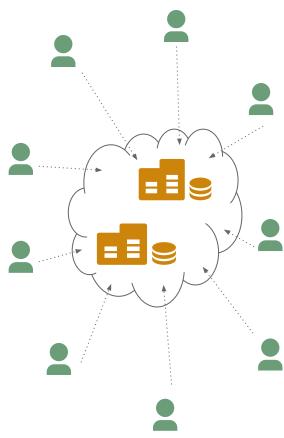


Why do we need Micro-frontends?

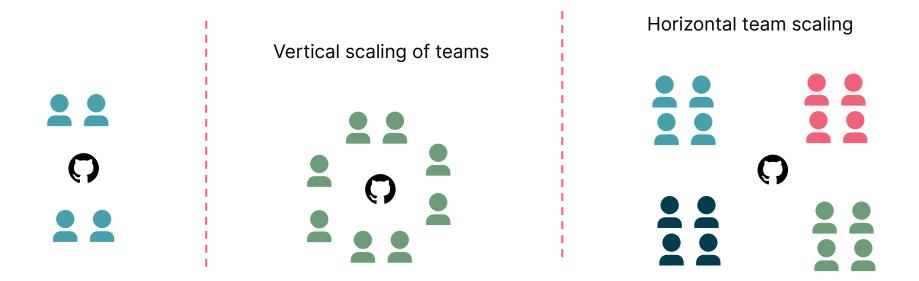
Scaling application



- Increased performance
- Reduced Latency
- Managing high volumes



Scaling application teams



Microservices for the backends and Micro-frontends for the frontend

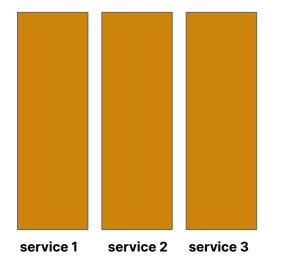
Monoliths

Monolith

Frontend Backend

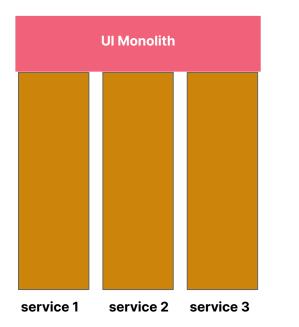
Monoliths aren't a bad design choice

Microservices



- Strong module boundaries
- Independant deployments
- Diversified Technologies

MicroServices + UI Monolith



There was mostly a monolith UI,

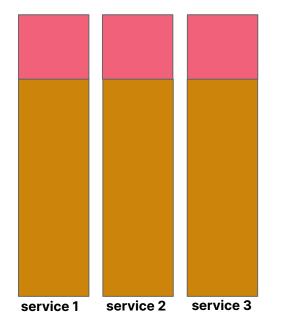
which made independent

deployments less true.

Independent deployments aren't

independent releases.

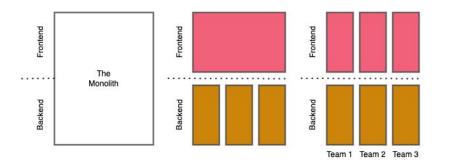
Micro-frontends



Micro frontends is an architectural design pattern to break down monolith UI to a smaller and manageable deployable units.

Microservices' promises + Independent releases.

What you get from Micro-frontends



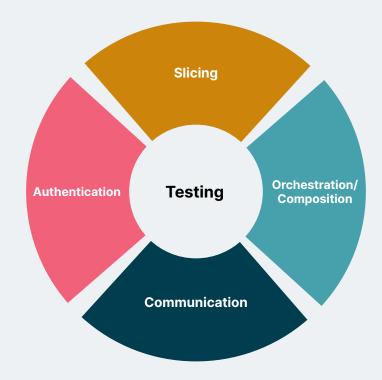
- Independent teams
- Independent releases
- Simple, decoupled codebases
- Incremental upgrades



Key decisions when starting Micro-frontends

Key Questions that need to be answered

- 1. Slice: How to break an application to separate pieces
- 2. Composition: How do multiple micro-frontends come together to form a single application.
- **3. Communication**: How to communicate between micro-frontends
- **4. Authentication:** How different MFEs can get authenticated
- 5. Testing: How should we test the micro-frontends



Slicing the Micro-frontends

• Don't start thinking it as

components.

- Page level vs Cross sectional
- Case by case, create a

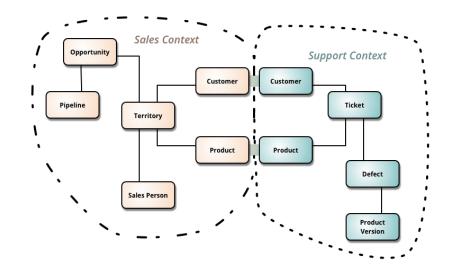
framework to ideate and slice.

Bounded Context

Pattern

"Total unification of the domain model for a large system will not be feasible or cost-effective"

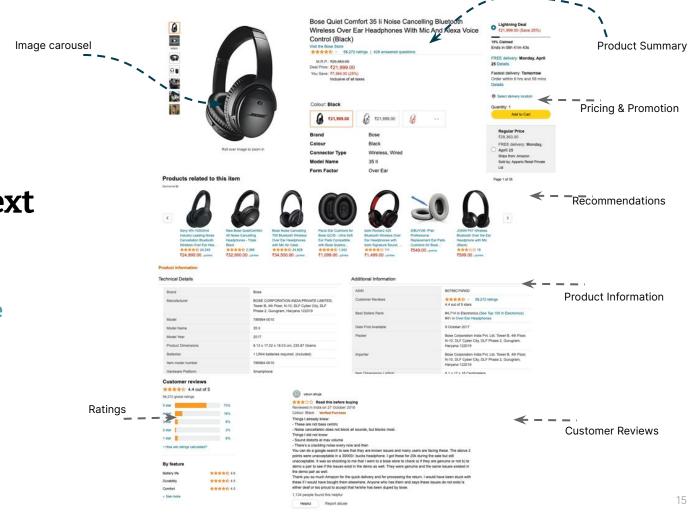
- Eric Evans (DDD)



Bounded Context

Example:

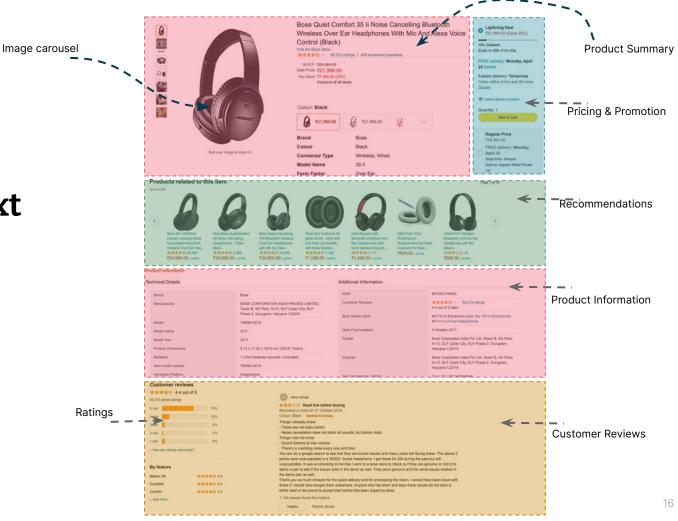
Product Detail Page



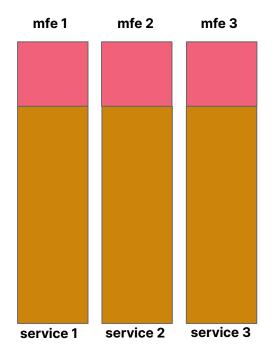
Bounded Context

Example:

Product Detail Page

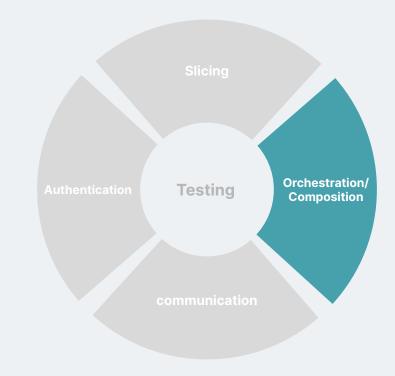


Sub domain teams

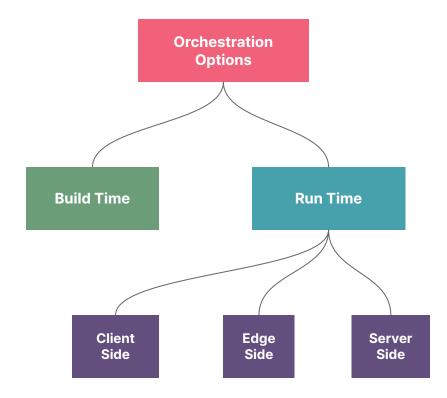


Key Questions that need to be answered

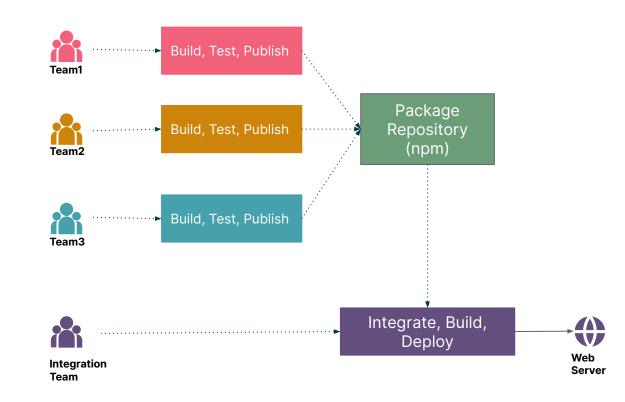
- 1. Slice: How to break an application to separate pieces
- 2. Composition: How do multiple micro-frontends come together to form a single application.
- **3. Communication**: How to communicate between micro-frontends.
- **4. Authentication:** How different MFEs can get authenticated
- **5. Testing:** How should we test the micro-frontends.



Orchestrating Micro-frontends



Build time composition



aka "Distributed Monolith"*

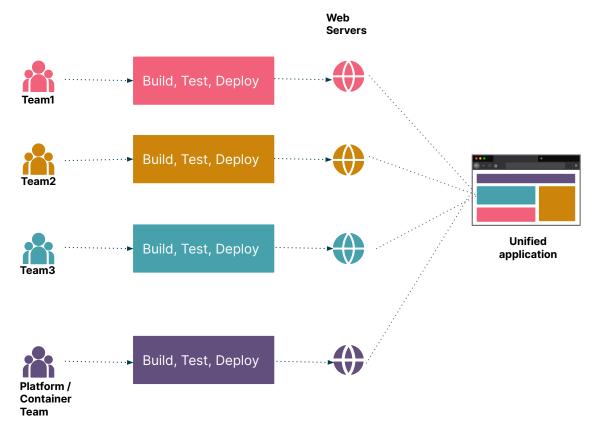
* - use it with extreme caution, can become worse than a monolith

Run time composition

Different micro-frontends gets unified dynamically into a single page (or view) based on the user's request.

1. Client Side Composition **2.** Edge Side Composition **3.** Server Side Composition

Client Side Composition

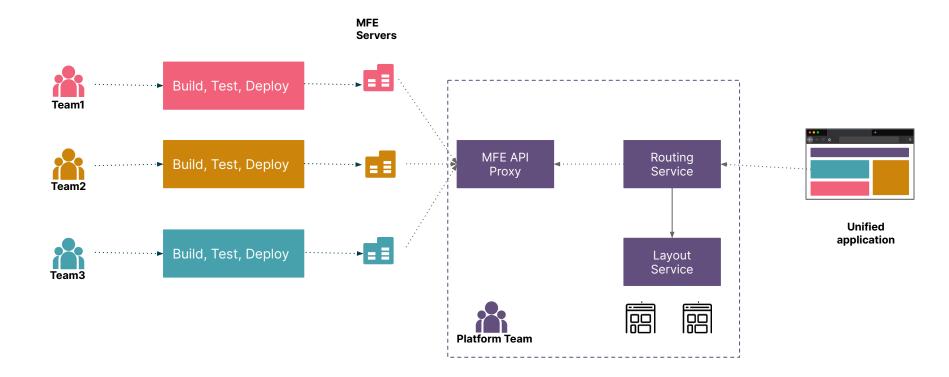


Client Side Composition - Options

- Iframe based integration luigi-project.io
- Webpack plugins module-federation-plugin
- SingleSpa Framework <u>single-spa.js.org</u>
- Client side transclusions <u>h-include</u>
- Or Write your 20 lines of JS :)



Server Side Composition

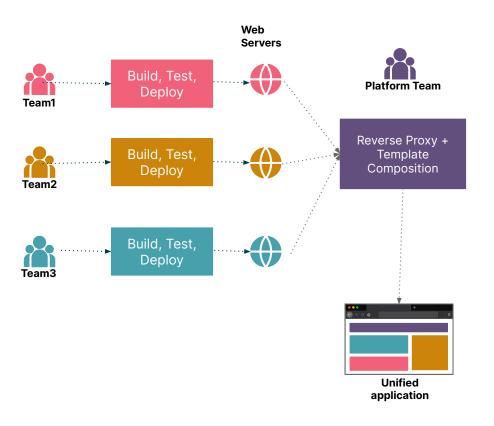


Server Side Composition - Options

- Ara Framework ara-github
- Tailor project-mosaic
- Hypernova <u>airbnb-hypernova</u>
- Open components <u>open-components</u>
- Piral piral.io
- Podium podium-lib



Edge Side Composition

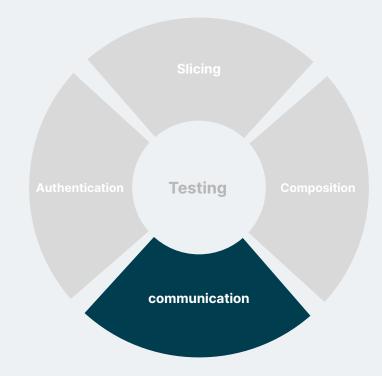


<html></html>
<head></head>
<body></body>
<pre><div id="content"></div></pre>
<div id="header"></div>

** <esi:include src="/shopping_cart"></esi:include> **
<div id="items"></div>

Key Questions that need to be answered

- 1. Slice: How to break an application to separate pieces
- **2. Compose:** How to build a page / functionality using different pieces
- **3. Communication:** How do the micro-frontends communicate with each other.
- 4. Authentication: How different MFEs can get authenticated
- **5. Testing:** How should we test the micro-frontends.



Micro-frontends

communication

Storage based

Using a global context or window objects it's

possible to communicate with Micro-frontends

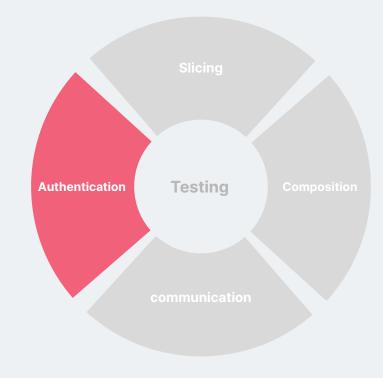
Event based

Using JS eventing we can communicate across

Micro-frontends.

Key Questions that need to be answered

- 1. Slice: How to break an application to separate pieces
- 2. Compose: How to build a page / functionality using different pieces
- **3. Communication:** How do the micro-frontends communicate with each other.
- 4. Authentication: How different MFEs can get authenticated
- **5. Testing:** How should we test the micro-frontends.

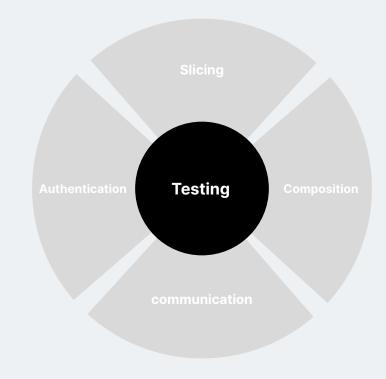


Authenticating the Micro-frontends

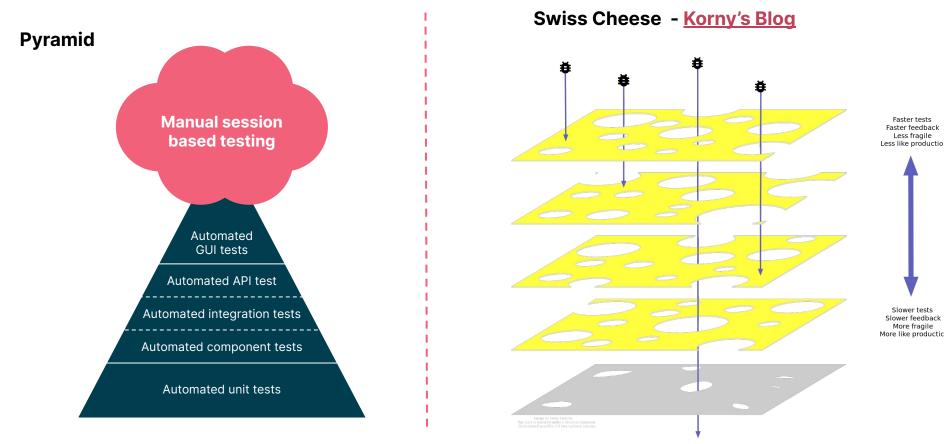
 How will each authenticated micro frontend run independenty

Key Questions that need to be answered

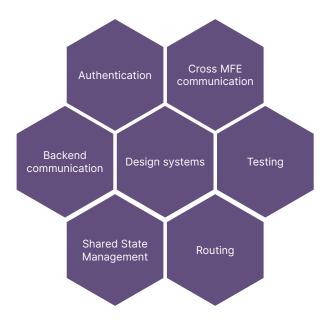
- 1. Slice: How to break an application to separate pieces
- 2. Compose: How to build a page / functionality using different pieces
- **3. Communication:** How do the micro-frontends communicate with each other.
- 4. Authentication: How different MFEs can get authenticated
- **5. Testing:** How should we test the micro-frontends.



Testing Strategies



Technical aspects as per your choice of integration approach





Team formation

- Team structure and software structure should align
- Follow domain driven design. "bounded context" principles
- Vertical team structure: One team, one application/MFE
- Build a cross functional team

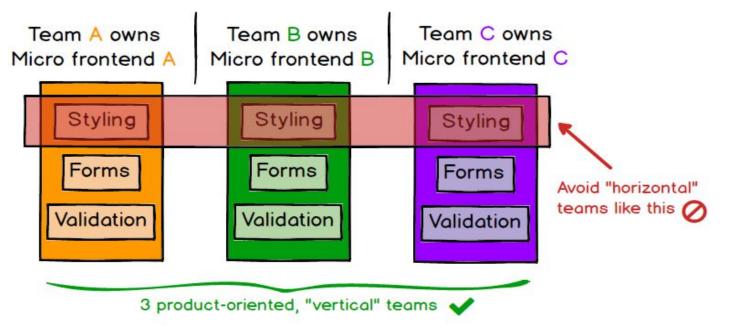
Program level

- Architects, Leads, Product Owners
- n Business Analysts
- Quality Analysts

Team level

- 😤 Team Leads, Product owners
- R Developers, Business Analysts
- Quality Analysts

Independent Deployment is possible only using vertical teams



Source: https://martinfowler.com/articles/micro-frontends.html Author: Cam Jackson

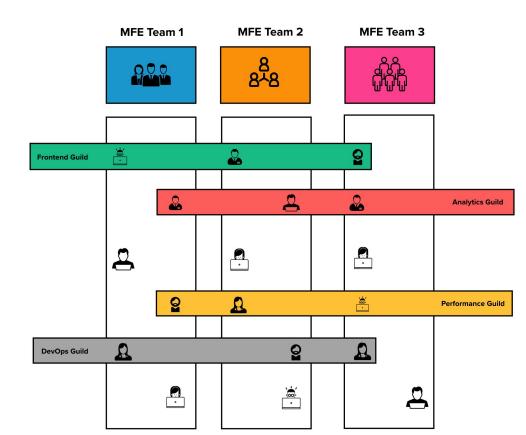
Shared guidelines

- All teams should speak the same vocabulary
- Agree on terms of responsibility and ownership
- Should adhere to global agreements and conventions
- Maintaining ADRs and documentation
- Maintain a global project scaffolding (but make it optional)



Team guilds

Forum for like minded people from different teams to share and discuss



37



To micro-frontend or not?

Decision making factors for MFEs

It takes relatively longer time to:

- Provision and setup MFE Infrastructure
- Set up MFE codebases with shared dependencies
- Set cadence, workflow between teams, setup guilds
- Time and cost



Decision making factors for MFEs

Practical factors to consider:

- Project scale and timeline fairly large
- There is clear separation of sub domains
- Team size and distribution
- Migrating from a monolith



Alternate approach

You may not need to start with an MFE from day 1

1.

Start with a monolith

2.

Keep clear separation between sub domains for easy separation 3.

Slowly migrate to MFE architecture



Micro-frontends is a

marathon. Not a sprint

References

https://martinfowler.com/articles/micro-frontends.html

https://www.thoughtworks.com/en-in/about-us/events/webinars/microfrontend

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iZ-wIViaefc

https://livebook.manning.com/book/micro-frontends-in-action/micro-frontends-in-action/

https://micro-frontends.org/

Talk in Vodga on Testing Strategy https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1UEd5IJQ8G0

https://github.com/e-commerce-platform-with-microfrontends



Thank You

Vishal Sharma